

Mineral Industry Surveys

For information, contact:

John D. Jorgenson, Iron Ore Commodity Specialist U.S. Geological Survey 989 National Center Reston, VA 20192

Telephone: (703) 648-4912, Fax: (703) 648-7757

E-mail: jjorgenson@usgs.gov

Amy C. Tolcin (Data) Telephone: (703) 648-7978 Fax: (703) 648-7975 E-mail: atolcin@usgs.gov

Internet: http://minerals.usgs.gov/minerals

IRON ORE IN JUNE 2006

U.S. mine production of iron ore in June 2006, on a daily average basis, was 3% less than that of the prior month, according to the U.S. Geological Survey. Average daily production, at 148,000 metric tons per day (t/d), was almost 5,000 t/d less than that of May 2006.

Average daily shipments in June 2006, at 171,000 t/d, were 5% greater than those of May. Mine stocks at the end of June were 667,000 metric tons (t) less than those on May 31, a 6% decrease.

U.S. imports of iron ore in May 2006 were 5% less than exports, with exports exceeding imports by 52,000 t.

Exploration and Development Update.—China's Kunming Iron & Steel Group Co. reported that it was negotiating with the Government of Vietnam to open an iron ore mine in Vietnam. Its steel unit, KISCO, indicated that, if successful, it would import 1.5 million metric tons per year or 15% of its ore requirements from the mine, located 60 kilometers from the Yunnan border, by 2008. KISCO also was considering building a 500,000-metric-ton-per-year steel plant in Vietnam in a later project stage (McMahon, 2006).

World Production.—Rio Tinto plc (Australia) announced first half production for 2006. Rio Tinto's share of saleable quantities of iron ore plus pellets were as follows (Australia, unless otherwise specified): Channar (60%-owned), 2.7 million metric tons (Mt); Corumba, Brazil, 0.9 Mt; Eastern Range, 3.8 Mt; Hamersley, 36.9 Mt; Iron Ore Company of Canada (59%-owned), 4.5 Mt; and Robe River (53%-owned), 13.2 Mt. Thus, Rio Tinto's share of total mine production from these operations for the first half of 2006 was 62.0 Mt compared with full year production of 124.5 Mt in 2005 (Rio Tinto plc, 2006§¹).

BHP Billiton Limited (BHPB) announced first half production figures for 2006. BHPB's share of saleable quantities of iron ore (wet) were as follows (Australia, unless otherwise specified): Area C Joint Venture (JV) (85%-owned), 8.7 Mt; Goldsworthy JV (85%-owned), 3.2 Mt; Jimblebar (85%), 3.2 Mt; Mt. Newman JV (85%-owned), 12.4 Mt; Samarco, Brazil, (50%-owned), 3.8 Mt; and Yandi JV (85%-owned), 17.4 Mt. Thus, BHPB's share of total mine production

¹References that include a section mark (§) are found in the Internet References Cited section.

from these operations for the first half of 2006 was 48.6 Mt compared with full year production of 97.5 Mt in 2005. The ramp-up of several expansion projects at the Western Australia Iron Ore operations was offset somewhat by weather-related impacts in the first quarter of 2006 (BHP Billiton Limited, 2006§).

In the first half of 2006, Brazil's Companhia Vale do Rio Doce (CVRD) reported record iron ore production of 129.8 Mt, an increase of 12.5% compared with that of the same period in 2005, but pellet production fell to 17.6 Mt, a decrease of 11.8% comparing the same periods. Reduced pellet production was due to a shutdown at the São Luis pellet plant and sale of CVRD's share of Gulf Industrial Investment Company, a Bahrain-based pellet producer (Companhia Vale do Rio Doce, 2006§).

Domestic Production.—Cleveland-Cliffs Inc announced production figures for the first half of 2006 for their North American operations. Mine production was, as follows (United States, unless otherwise specified): Empire, 2.4 Mt; Hibbing Taconite, 4.2 Mt; Northshore, 2.5 Mt; Tilden, 3.5 Mt; United Taconite, 2.4 Mt; and Wabush (Canada), 1.8 Mt. Cliffs' share of this total production, 16.8 Mt, was 10.7 Mt. Wabush Mine's lower production reflected pit dewatering difficulties, while Tilden experienced greater than expected repair downtime in the second quarter (Cleveland-Cliffs Inc., 2006§).

Reference Cited

McMahon, Denis, 2006, China steel mills seek more suppliers: Wall Street Journal, July 26, p. B2B.

Internet References Cited

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- Cleveland-Cliffs Înc., 2006 (July 26), Cleveland-Cliffs reports 2006 secondquarter and first-half financial results, accessed July 27, 2006, via URL http://www.cleveland-cliffs.com.
- Companhia Vale do Rio Doce, 2006 (August 2), CVRD production report 2Q06, accessed August 8, 2006, at URL http://www.cvrd.com.br/cvrd_us/media/PREPORT2T06i.pdf.
- Rio Tinto plc, 2006 (July 19), Second quarter 2006 operations review, accessed July 27, 2006, via URL http://www.riotinto.com.

TABLE 1
U.S. PRODUCTION AND SHIPMENTS OF IRON ORE^{1, 2}
(Exclusive of ore containing 5% or more of manganese)

(Thousand metric tons)

	Pro	Production		pments
Period	Monthly	Year to date	Monthly	Year to date
2005:				
June	4,480	26,500	4,840	22,100
July	5,160	31,600	5,110	27,200
August	4,840	36,500	5,020	32,200
September	4,460	40,900	5,150	37,400
October	4,480	45,400	5,190	42,600
November	4,740	50,200	4,330	46,900
December	4,380	54,500	4,880	51,800
2006:				
January	4,600	4,600	3,600	3,600
February	3,820	8,420	953	4,550
March	4,600	13,000	2,330	6,880
April	4,220	17,200	5,020	11,900
May	4,750	22,000	5,020	16,900
June	4,450	26,400	5,120	22,000

¹Data are rounded to no more than three significant digits.

 $\label{eq:table 2} \text{U.s. Production, Shipments, and Stocks of Iron ore in June}^{1,\,2}$

(Thousand metric tons)

	Produ	Production		Shipments ³		ks ⁴
State	2006	2005	2006	2005	2006	2005
Michigan	950	1,150	1,160	1,280	2,510	2,010
Minnesota	3,500	3,330	3,950	3,550	7,630	5,360
Total	4,450	4,480	5,120	4,840	10,100	7,370

Data are rounded to no more than three significant digits; may not add to totals shown.

²Excludes byproduct ores.

²Excludes byproduct ore.

³Includes rail and vessel.

⁴Includes usable (marketable) material at mines, concentrators, pelletizing plants, and loading docks. Excludes stocks of crude ore at mine and concentrates at agglomerating complexes.

 $\label{eq:table 3} {\sf CANADA: \ SHIPMENTS \ OF \ IRON \ ORE}^{1,\,2}}$

(Thousand dry metric tons)

			British	
Period	and Labrador	Quebec	Columbia	Total
2005:				
May	1,940	588	10	2,540
June	1,620	399	8	2,030
July	1,500	1,050	7	2,550
August	1,430	708	10	2,150
September	1,800	1,160	9	2,960
October	2,000	927	10	2,930
November	1,920	1,320	10	3,250
December	1,900	1,130	9	3,040
Year total	19,100	10,900	106	30,100
2006:				
January	1,010	705	10	1,720
February	951	730	10	1,690
March	1,210	730	7	1,950
April	1,840	1,170	8	3,030
May	1,670	1,610	12	3,280
1				

¹Data are rounded to no more than three significant digits; may not add to totals shown.

Source: Natural Resources Canada.

TABLE 4 PRODUCTION OF PIG IRON AND RAW STEEL IN THE UNITED STATES, BY TYPE OF $${\rm FURNACE}^1$$

(Thousand metric tons)

	Pig iron	production,	Raw steel production				
	blast	furnace	Basic oxy	Basic oxygen furnace ²		ic furnace	
Period	Monthly	Year to date	Monthly	Year to date	Monthly	Year to date	
2005:							
May	3,080	16,500	3,430	18,600	4,320	21,200	
June	2,690	19,200	3,000	21,600	4,110	25,300	
July	2,630	21,800	2,920	24,500	4,210	29,500	
August	2,890	24,700	3,180	27,700	4,370	33,900	
September	2,840	27,500	3,330	31,000	4,440	38,400	
October	2,940	30,500	3,470	34,500	4,810	43,200	
November	3,000	33,500	3,170	37,700	4,660	47,800	
December	2,840	36,300	3,380	41,000	4,420	52,300	
2006:							
January	3,190	3,190	3,560	3,560	4,530	4,530	
February	3,100	6,300	3,470	7,030	4,250	8,780	
March	3,420	9,710	3,800	10,800	5,070	13,900	
April	3,280	13,000	3,640	14,500	4,870	18,700	
May	3,460	16,500	3,850	18,300	5,060	23,800	

Data are rounded to no more than three significant digits; may not add to totals shown.

Source: American Iron and Steel Institute.

²Includes production from steel plant waste oxides.

²Raw steel production figures for the basic oxygen process are usually greater than the corresponding pig iron production figures because scrap is routinely melted in the basic oxygen furnace together with the molten pig iron.

 ${\rm TABLE}~5$ U.S. EXPORTS OF IRON ORE, BY COUNTRY OF DESTINATION AND TYPE $^{1,\,2}$

(Thousand metric tons)

Country of destination	200:	5		200	6	
and type of product	4th quarter	Total	March	1st quarter	April	May
Canada	2,560	11,200	224	998	579	966
China		282			52	47
Mexico		30	12	13	(3)	11
Slovakia		237				
Trinidad and Tobago		(3)				
United Kingdom		78				
Other	3	8	(3)	2	(3)	4
Total	2,760	11,800	236	1,010	631	1,030
Pellets	2,670	11,600	155	925	628	972
Concentrates	80	89	1	2	(3)	52
Direct shipping ores		60	1	2	1	3
Other	- 6	11	79	83	2	2
Total	2,760	11,800	236	1,010	631	1,030

⁻⁻ Zero.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau.

TABLE 6 U.S. IMPORTS FOR CONSUMPTION OF IRON ORE, BY COUNTRY AND TYPE 1,2 (Exclusive of ore containing 20% or more manganese)

			2006			2005	
	M	lay	,	Year to date			
	Thousand	Value ³	Thousand	Value ³	Value ³	Thousand	
Country of origin	metric	(thousand	metric	(thousand	(dollars	metric	
and type of product	tons	dollars)	tons	dollars)	per ton)	tons	
Australia			8	135	18.00		
Brazil	326	12,100	1,730	83,200	47.99	1,910	
Canada	604	31,300	2,080	120,000	57.63	1,980	
Chile	46	2,060	142	6,330	44.58	172	
China						(4)	
Finland			3	106	35.24	6	
Greece			15	386	25.00	13	
Mexico			6	141	25.00	6	
Paraguay						4	
Peru			38	1,200	31.44	18	
Russia						99	
Spain						1	
Sweden	(4)	6	(4)	6	342.88		
Trinidad and Tobago			284	5,900	20.80	375	
Venezuela						87	
Total	976	45,500	4,310	217,000	50.42	4,670	
Concentrates	223	7,170	890	30,900	34.75	290	
Coarse ores						21	
Fine ores	247	9,220	1,420	57,700	40.66	1,730	
Pellets	506	29,100	1,990	129,000	64.46	2,560	
Other agglomerates			6	141	25.00	62	
Roasted pyrites			3	106	35.24	3	
Total	976	45,500	4,310	217,000	50.42	4,670	

⁻⁻ Zero.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau.

¹Data are rounded to no more than three significant digits; may not add to totals shown.

²Includes agglomerates.

³Less than ½ unit.

¹Data, with the exception of the dollars per ton column, are rounded to no more than three significant digits; may not add to totals shown.

²Includes agglomerates.

³Customs value. Excludes international freight and insurance charges.

⁴Less than ½ unit.

TABLE 7 U.S. IMPORTS FOR CONSUMPTION OF IRON ORE IN MAY $2006^{1,2}$ (Exclusive of ore containing 20% or more manganese)

(Thousand metric tons)

		Type of product					
					Briquettes		
		Coarse	Fine		and other	Roasted	
Country of origin	Concentrates	ores	ores	Pellets	agglomerates	pyrites	Total
Brazil	79		247				326
Canada	98		(3)	506			604
Chile	46						46
Sweden	(3)						(3)
Total	223		247	506			976

⁻⁻ Zero.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau.

 $\label{eq:table 8} \text{U.s. IMPORTS FOR CONSUMPTION OF PELLETS}, \ \ \text{BY COUNTRY}^1$

Country of origin Thousand tons Value² Thousand metric (thousand dollars) Value² Value² Value² Brazil 640 41,100 64.18 Canada 506 29,100 1,350 87,500 64.59	2005		2006						
Country of origin metric tons (thousand dollars) metric tons (thousand dollars) (dollars) per ton) Brazil 640 41,100 64.18 Canada 506 29,100 1,350 87,500 64.59	anuary-May		Year to date		ay	M			
of origin tons dollars) tons dollars) per ton) Brazil 640 41,100 64.18 Canada 506 29,100 1,350 87,500 64.59	Thousand	Value ²	Value ²	Thousand	Value ²	Thousand			
Brazil 640 41,100 64.18 Canada 506 29,100 1,350 87,500 64.59	metric	(dollars	(thousand	metric	(thousand	metric	Country		
<u>Canada</u> 506 29,100 1,350 87,500 64.59	tons	per ton)	dollars)	tons	dollars)	tons	of origin		
	1,220	64.18	41,100	640			Brazil		
	1,240	64.59	87,500	1,350	29,100	506	Canada		
Russia	99						Russia		
Total 506 29,100 1,990 129,000 64.46	2,560	64.46	129,000	1,990	29,100	506	Total		

⁻⁻ Zero.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau.

¹Data are rounded to no more than three significant digits; may not add to totals shown.

²Includes agglomerates.

³Less than ¹/₂ unit.

¹Data, with the exception of the dollars per ton column, are rounded to no more than three significant digits; may not add to totals shown.

²Customs value. Excludes international freight and insurance charges.

 ${\it TABLE~9} \\ {\it U.S.~IMPORTS~FOR~CONSUMPTION~OF~IRON~ORE,} \\ {\it BY~CUSTOMS~DISTRICT}^{1,~2} \\$

(Exclusive of ore containing 20% or more manganese)

(Thousand metric tons)

	May	January	y-May
Customs district (code no.)	2006	2006	2005
Baltimore, MD (13)	292	1,640	1,290
Buffalo, NY (09)	(3)	(3)	6
Charleston, SC (16)	(3)	(3)	
Chicago, IL (39)	204	394	268
Cleveland, OH (41)	408	708	580
Detroit, MI (38)	25	77	53
Houston-Galveston, TX (53)		15	36
Los Angeles, CA (27)			(3)
Mobile, AL (19)		5	61
New Orleans, LA (20)	46	1,450	2,360
Nogales, AZ (26)		13	6
Ogdensburg, NY (07)		(3)	
Philadelphia, PA (11)		3	3
San Francisco, CA (28)			4
San Juan, PR (49)			6
St. Louis, MO (45)		(3)	
Total	976	4,310	4,670

⁻⁻ Zero.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau.

TABLE 10 $\begin{tabular}{ll} U.S. IMPORTS FOR CONSUMPTION OF PELLETS, \\ BY CUSTOMS DISTRICT 1 \\ \end{tabular}$

(Thousand metric tons)

	May	January	/-May
Customs district (code no.)	2006	2006	2005
Baltimore, MD (13)	72	641	655
Chicago, IL (39)			53
Cleveland, OH (41)	408	708	579
Detroit, MI (38)	25	77	53
Houston-Galveston, TX (53)			36
Mobile, AL (19)			61
New Orleans, LA (20)		569	1,130
Total	506	1,990	2,560

⁻⁻ Zero.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau.

¹Data are rounded to no more than three significant digits; may not add to totals shown.

²Includes agglomerates.

³Less than ½ unit.

¹Data are rounded to no more than three significant digits; may not add to totals shown.